

WAVES AND VIBRATIONS IN ELECTROPLATED
PIEZOELECTRIC PLATES AND SUBSTRATE SYSTEMS

Final Report

September 18, 1995 to October 17, 1999

U.S. Army Research Office

DAAH 04-95-0614

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February 9, 2001

20010409 096

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE			Form Approved OMB NO. 0704-0188	
Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comment regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.				
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)		2. REPORT DATE February 9, 2001		3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED Final Report 9/18/95 to 10/17/99
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Waves and Vibrations in Electroplated Piezoelectric Plates and Substrate Systems			5. FUNDING NUMBERS DAAH 04-95+0614	
6. AUTHOR(S) Professor Peter C.Y. Lee				
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAMES(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering Princeton University Princeton, NJ 08544			8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) U.S. Army Research Office P.O. Box 12211 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2211			10. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER ARO33419.4-EG	
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES The views, opinions and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not be construed as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision, unless so designated by other documentation.				
12a. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.			12 b. DISTRIBUTION CODE	
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) In the present research, a new, infinite system of plate equations is obtained. They are applicable to piezoelectric plates of any crystal symmetry and requiring no correction factors. Firstly, a system of first-order plate equations is extracted from the infinite system, and they are employed to study the thickness shear and flexure vibrations of rectangular plates of AT- and SC-cuts of quartz and are shown to give accurate predictions in dispersion relations, frequency spectra, and capacitances without any corrections. Secondly, a system of second-order plate equations is extracted from the infinite system by a new truncation procedure, and these equations are employed to study the thickness-stretch, symmetric thickness-shear, and extensional vibrations of finite strips and circular disks of ceramics. The accuracy of the prediction is validated by the close comparison with experimental data, without any correction.				
14. SUBJECT TERMS Piezoelectric crystal resonators, plates, sensors, electrodes, AT- and SC-cuts of quartz, strips and circular disks of barium titanate			15. NUMBER IF PAGES 4	
			16. PRICE CODE	
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT UNCLASSIFIED	18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE UNCLASSIFIED	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT UNCLASSIFIED	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT UL	

WAVES AND VIBRATIONS IN ELECTROPLATED PIEZOELECTRIC PLATES AND SUBSTRATE SYSTEMS

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I. STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM STUDIED

Accurate prediction of resonance frequencies and coupled motions is, perhaps, one of the most important objectives and demands in modeling the vibrations of piezoelectric crystal resonators for applications in frequency control and sensors. However, the accuracy of the prediction depends very much on the accuracy of the governing equations employed for the solution and computation. In current and well-known governing equations for plates, such as those by Timoshenko, Mindlin, and Lee, correction factors were introduced in order to correct the prediction. These correction factors may not always be readily available, since they usually depend on the material properties, cut orientation and the mode of vibration of the plate resonators.

In the present research, a new, infinite system of plate equations is obtained. They are applicable to piezoelectric plates of any crystal symmetry and requiring no correction factors. Firstly, a system of first-order plate equations is extracted from the infinite system, and they are employed to study the thickness shear and flexure vibrations of rectangular plates of AT- and SC-cuts of quartz and are shown to give accurate predictions in dispersion relations, frequency spectra, and capacitances without any corrections. Secondly a system of second-order plate equations is extracted from the infinite system by a new truncation procedure, and these equations are employed to study the thickness-stretch, symmetric thickness-shear, and extensional vibrations of finite strips and circular disks of ceramics. The accuracy of the prediction is validated by the close comparison with experimental data, without any corrections.

II. SUMMARY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT RESULTS

1. A new and infinite system of two-dimensional governing equations for piezoelectric plates with general crystal symmetry and electroded faces are deduced from the three-dimensional equations of linear piezoelectricity by a trigonometric series expansion with a linear term newly added in mechanical displacement [See III(a)1 and III(b)1]. These equations will be shown to give accurate predictions without any correction factors for plates undergoing predominantly thickness-shear and flexural vibrations as well as for plates undergoing predominantly thickness-stretch and extensional vibrations.
2. A system of two-dimensional first-order equations is extracted from the infinite system. These equations are employed to study the vibrations of rectangular AT-cut of quartz. The accuracy of the predictions is validated by the close comparison of the dispersion curves with those from the three-dimensional equations, and by the close agreement of predicted frequency spectra with the experimental data by Koga and Fukuyo and that of Nakazawa, Horiuchi, and Ito [See III(a)1 and III(b)1].
3. The two-dimensional first-order equations are employed to study the piezoelectrically forced vibrations of rectangular SC-cut quartz plates, which have the most general constitutive relations for piezoelectric crystals. It is shown that computational results from these equations are accurate without using any corrections [See III(a)2 and III(b)2].
4. By using a new truncation procedure, a system of two-dimensional second-order plate equations is extracted from the infinite system. These equations are shown to predict accurate dispersion curves for frequencies up to and including the cut-off frequencies of the first symmetric thickness-stretch and the second symmetric thickness-shear modes. Furthermore, a system of one-dimensional equations is deduced by averaging the two-dimensional equations. Predicted frequency spectra from the one-dimensional equations are compared with the experimental data by Onoe and Pao and calculated results by Medick and Pao for strips of barium titanate with good agreement, again, without using any correction factors [See III(b)3].
5. Extensional, thickness-stretch and symmetric thickness-shear vibrations of circular disks of barium titanate are studied by employing a system of two-dimensional second-order plate equations similarly obtained. Computed dispersion curves are compared with those from the three-dimensional equations, and predicted resonance frequencies are compared with experimental data by Shaw. Both comparisons show good agreement without any corrections [See III(b)4].

III. LIST OF PUBLICATIONS AND TECHNICAL REPORTS

(a) Papers in peer-reviewed journals

1. P.C.Y. Lee, J.D. Yu, and W.S. Lin, "A New 2-D Theory of Vibrations of Piezoelectric Crystal Plates," *J. Appl. Phys.* **83** (3), pp. 1213-1223, 1998.
2. P.C.Y. Lee and W.S. Lin, "Piezoelectrically Forced Vibrations of Rectangular SC-cut Quartz Plates," *J. Appl. Phys.* **83** (12), pp. 7822-7833, 1998.

(b) Papers in conference proceedings

1. P.C.Y. Lee, J.D. Yu, and W.S. Lin, "A New 2-D Theory for Vibrations of Piezoelectric Crystal Plates with Electroded Faces," *Proc. 1996 IEEE Ultrasonics Symposium*, pp. 1591-1994, 1996.
2. P.C.Y. Lee and W.S. Lin, "Piezoelectrically Forced Vibrations of Rectangular SC-cut Quartz Plates," *Proc. IEEE International Frequency Control Symposium*, pp. 659-664, 1997.
3. P.C.Y. Lee and N.P. Edwards, "Extensional Vibrations of Piezoelectric Crystal Plates and Strips," *Proc. of Joint Meeting of the 13th European Freq. and Time Forum and 1999 IEEE Int. Freq. Control Symposium*, pp. 754-757, 1999.
4. P.C.Y. Lee, R. Huang, W.S. Lin, and J.D. Yu, "Extensional, Thickness-stretch and Symmetric Thickness-shear Vibrations of Piezoelectric Ceramic Disks," *Proc. 1999 IEEE Ultrasonics Symposium*, pp. 873-876, 1999.

IV. LIST OF PARTICIPATING SCIENTIFIC PERSONNEL

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